

NARAYANA'S
SENSATIONAL SUCCESS
ACROSS INDIA

7 Students Secured **100 Percentile**
in All India JEE Main-2020

BELOW 10
21
RANKS
All Cat

BELOW 100
113
RANKS
All Cat

100 PERCENTILE	100 PERCENTILE	100 PERCENTILE	100 PERCENTILE	100 PERCENTILE	100 PERCENTILE	100 PERCENTILE	100 PERCENTILE
M LIKHITH REDDY <small>HT No. TL0305724</small>	SHIVA KRISHNA <small>HT No. TL01330751</small>	TANUJA <small>HT No. TL01327005</small>	SWAYAM CHUBE <small>HT No. MR16303069</small>	HARSHVARDAHAN AGARWAL <small>HT No. HR09300789</small>	YESHASH CHANDRA <small>HT No. TL02305081</small>	PARTH DWIVEDI <small>AppL No. 200310166791</small>	

ADMISSIONS OPEN (2020-21)

OUR REGULAR CLASSROOM PROGRAMME

One Year Classroom Program
JEE/NEET-2021
(for students moving from XI to XII)

Two Year Classroom Program
JEE/NEET-2022
(for students moving from X to XI)

Three Year Integrated Classroom Program
JEE/NEET-2023
(for students moving from IX to X)

Four Year Integrated Classroom Program
JEE/NEET-2024
(for students moving from VIII to IX)

FOUNDATION PROGRAMMES
For NTSE, NSEJS, JSTSE,
Olympiads & School/Board Exams
(for students moving to
Class VI, VII, VIII, IX & X)

APEX BATCH
Two years school Integrated
Classroom Program - 2022
For JEE Main & Advance / NEET (for XI Studying Students)
Course Feature - Complete Coverage of CBSE - Regular Classes - Weekly Test & Regular Analysis - Lab Facility
- Motivation & Counseling - Competitive Exam Prep. - Ample time for self study

Online Classes for IIT/NEET/Foundation/Olympiads

- Access Recording of Past Classes on n-Learn App
- Online Parent Teacher Meeting
- Personalized Extra Classes & Live Doubt Solving
- Hybrid/Customized Classroom model
- Video Solution of Weekly/Fortnightly Test
- Printed Study Material will be sent by us
- n-Learn App
- Counselling Motivational sessions
- Affordable Fee
- Doubt Classes / Practice Classes
- Provision to Convert from online to regular classroom programme
- Once Classes resume by just paying nominal fee

Online Test

- Micro & Macro Analysis
- Relative performance (All India Ranking)
- Question wise Analysis
- Unlimited Practice Test
- Grand Test

NARAYANA
Digital
Classes
STUDY ONLINE FROM HOME

For Class
7th to 12th +



JEE-MAIN-2021

MARCH ATTEMPT

16.03.21_SHIFT - I

THE NARAYANA GROUP

PHYSICS

Sol. Voltage across 35Ω is $22 - 15 = 7$ volt

$$V = IR$$

$$7 = I(35)$$

$$I = \frac{1}{5} \text{ Amp}$$

$$\text{Current } (I_1) \text{ in } 90\Omega = \frac{15}{90} = \frac{1}{6} \text{ Amp}$$

$$\text{So current in Zener diode} = \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{6-5}{30} = \frac{1}{30} \text{ Amp}$$

$$\text{Power} = VI = 15 \times \frac{1}{30} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ watt}$$

$$10P = 10 \times \frac{1}{2} = 5 \text{ watt}$$

5. A simple pendulum attached to ceiling of lift has time period T when lift is at rest. Find its time period of lift if it starts accelerating upwards with acceleration $g/2$?

- (1) $\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}T$ (2) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}T$ (3) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}T$ (4) $\frac{T}{3}$

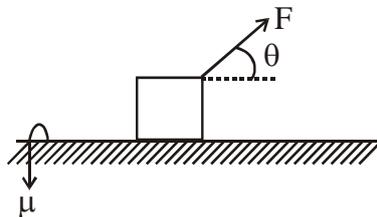
Ans. (1)

Sol. $T = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{\ell}{g}}$

$$T' = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{\ell}{g + \frac{g}{2}}} \quad \therefore \frac{T'}{T} = \sqrt{\frac{g}{\frac{3g}{2}}}$$

$$T' = T\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$$

6. Find acceleration of block:



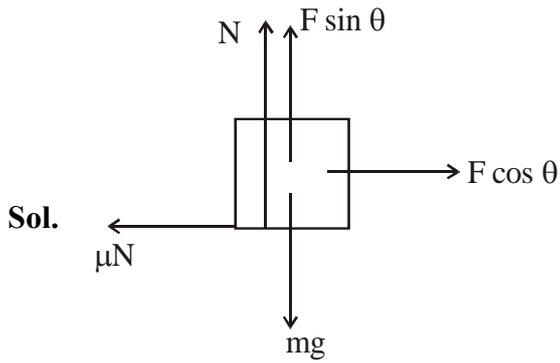
(1) $\frac{F}{m}\cos\theta - \mu\left(g - \frac{F\sin\theta}{m}\right)$

(2) $\frac{F}{m}\cos\theta - \mu\left(g + \frac{F\sin\theta}{m}\right)$

(3) $\frac{F}{m}\cos\theta - \mu\left(g - \frac{F\sin\theta}{2}\right)$

(4) $\frac{F}{m}\cos\theta - \mu g$

Ans. (1)



$$a = \frac{F \cos \theta - \mu(mg - F \sin \theta)}{m}$$

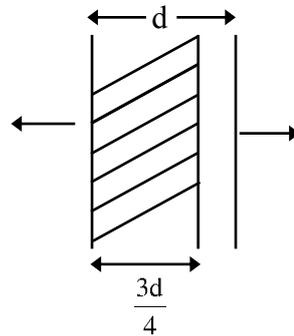
$$a = \frac{F}{m} \cos \theta - \mu \left(g - \frac{F \sin \theta}{m} \right)$$

7. In photoelectric effect stopping potential for electromagnetic radiations depends on

- (1) Amplitude (2) Intensity
 (3) Phase (4) Frequency

Ans. (4)

8. If a capacitor C_0 has plate area A and distance between plates is 'd'. Now a dielectric of dielectric constant 'k' is placed between capacitor as shown in figure. Find new capacitance :



(1) $\frac{4kC_0}{(k+3)}$

(2) $\frac{3kC_0}{(k+4)}$

(3) $\frac{(k+3)C_0}{4k}$

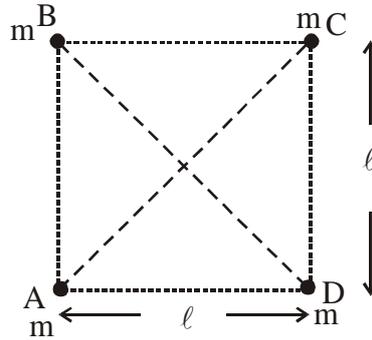
(4) $\frac{3kC_0}{(k+4)}$

Ans. (1)

Sol. $C_0 = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d}$

$$C_{eq} = \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2} = \frac{\frac{k \epsilon_0 A}{\frac{3d}{4}} \times \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{\frac{d}{4}}}{\frac{k \epsilon_0 A}{\frac{3d}{4}} + \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{\frac{d}{4}}} = \frac{\frac{k \epsilon_0 A \times 16}{3d}}{\left(\frac{k}{3} + 1 \right) \times 4} = \frac{4k \epsilon_0 A}{d(k+3)} = \frac{4kC_0}{(k+3)}$$

9. Four small balls are placed at the corner of a square of length ℓ . Evaluate MOI of system about a line passing through A and parallel to BD.



- (1) $\sqrt{3}m\ell$ (2) $3 m\ell^2$ (3) $2 m\ell^2$ (4) $m\ell^2$

Ans. (2)

Sol. $I = 2 m \left(\frac{\ell}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 + m(\sqrt{2}\ell)^2$

$$\frac{2m\ell^2}{2} + 2m\ell^2$$

$$3m\ell^2$$

10. Three gases O_2 , N_2 and CO_2 having masses 16g, 28g and 44g respectively are filled in a container of volume V . Evaluate total pressure if temperature of the gases is T .

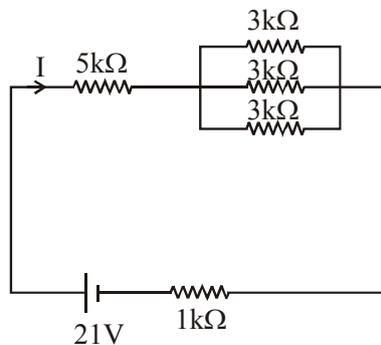
- (1) $\frac{3 RT}{2 V}$ (2) $\frac{RT}{V}$ (3) $\frac{2 RT}{5 V}$ (4) $\frac{5 RT}{2 V}$

Ans. (4)

Sol. $PV = \left(\frac{16}{32} + \frac{28}{28} + \frac{44}{44} \right) RT$

$$P = \frac{5 RT}{2 V}$$

11. Current through $5k\Omega$ is x mA Find x ?



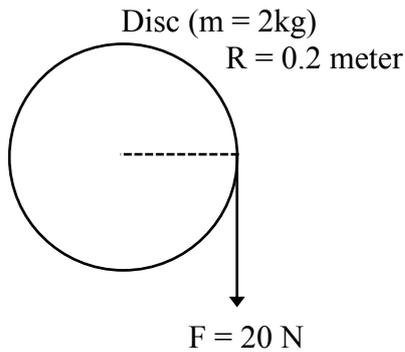
Ans. 3mA

Sol. $i = \frac{21}{R_{eq}} = \frac{21}{7 \times 10^3} = 3 \times 10^{-3} = 3\text{mA}$

12. Disc ($m = 2\text{kg}$)

$R = 0.2$ meter

Disc is initially at rest. Find the number of revolution completed in achieving angular speed 50 rad/sec.



Ans. 2

Sol. Given 1 revolution = 6.283 radian

Mass of disc = 20 kg

Radius = 0.2 meter

$$\tau = I\alpha$$

$$F.R. = I\alpha$$

$$20 \times 0.2 = \frac{2 \times 0.2 \times 0.2 \times \alpha}{2}$$

$$\alpha = 100 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$\omega^2 = \omega_0^2 + 2\alpha\theta$$

$$(50)^2 = 2 \times 100 \times \theta$$

$$\theta = 12.5 \text{ rad}$$

$$N = \frac{12.5}{2\pi} \approx 2 \text{ turns}$$

13. An antenna of length 25 m is mounted on top of a building of height 75 m. Then the maximum wavelength of the transmission signal is close to :

(1) 100 m

(2) 200 m

(3) 300 m

(4) 400 m

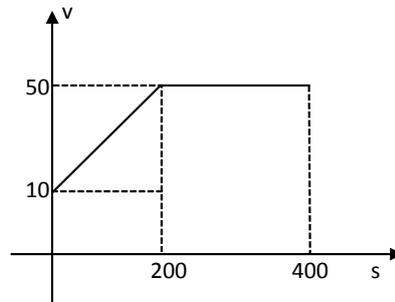
Ans. (1)

Sol. Length of antenna $\geq \frac{\lambda}{4}$

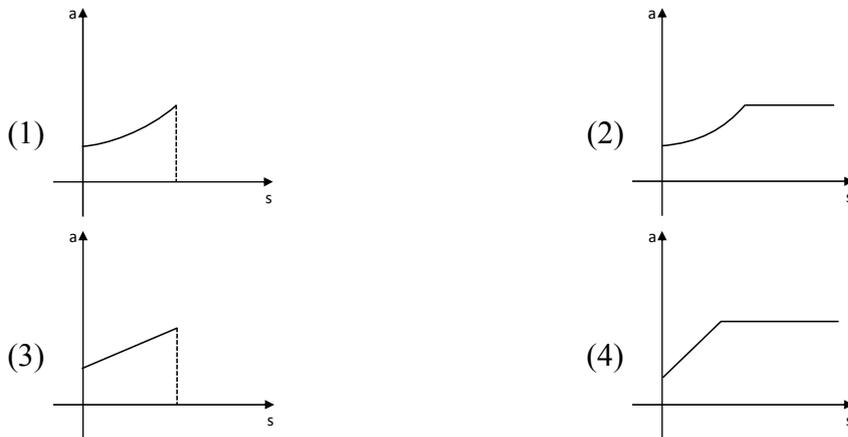
$$\lambda \leq 4 \times 25$$

$$\lambda \leq 100 \text{ m.}$$

14. A particle undergoing rectilinear motion has its velocity vs distance travelled as shown below.



Draw its acceleration vs distance graph?

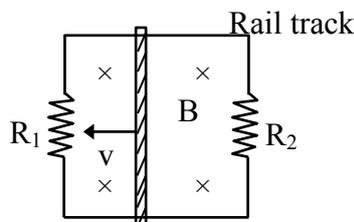


Ans. (3)

Sol. In interval, 0 to 200m,

$$v = \frac{15}{5} + 10$$

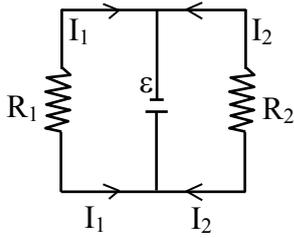
15. If a resistance less rod is moving with constant velocity v in a constant magnetic field. Then direction of current I_1 and I_2 in resistance R_1 and R_2 respectively is :



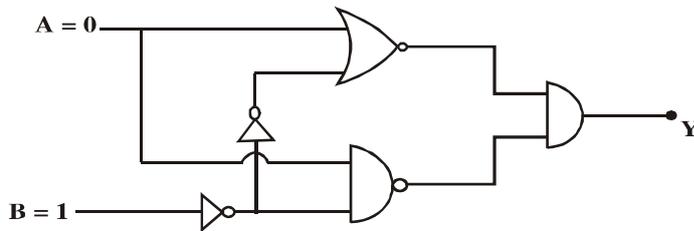
- (1) $I_1 \rightarrow$ clockwise, $I_2 \rightarrow$ Anticlockwise (2) $I_1 \rightarrow$ Anticlockwise, $I_2 \rightarrow$ Clockwise
 (3) I_1 and I_2 both clockwise (4) I_1 and I_2 both Anticlockwise

Ans. (1)

Sol.



16.

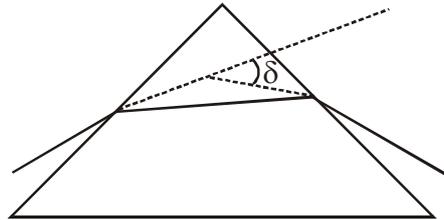


Find output Y ?

Ans. 0

Sol. Theoretical.

17. In a given Isosceles prism for minimum deviation, which of the following statements are true.



Statement (A) : Ray in the prism is parallel to the base

Statement (B) : Incident Ray & Emergent Ray are symmetric

Statement (C) : $\angle I = \angle E$

Statement (D) : $\angle I = 2\angle E$

(1) B & C are true

(2) D is true

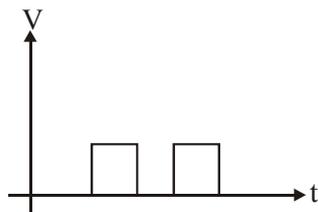
(3) A, B, C are true

(4) A, D are true

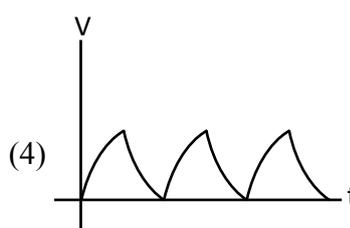
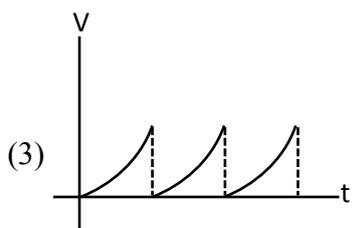
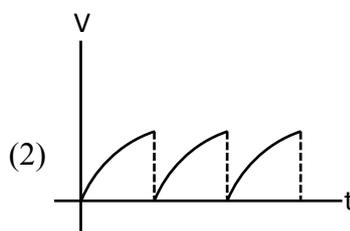
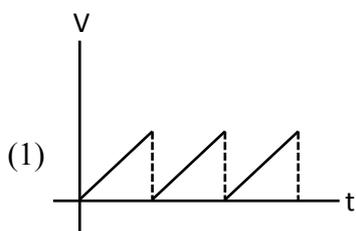
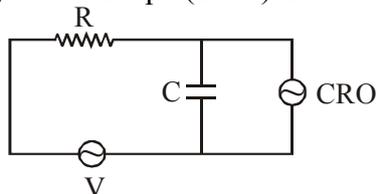
Ans. (3)

Sol. Theoretical

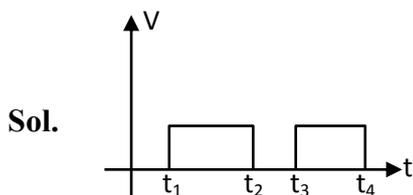
18. In the circuit shown in figure input source is periodic and its wave form is



Find the reading of cathode ray oscilloscope (CRO) is



Ans. (4)



for $t_1 - t_2$ charging graph

for $t_2 - t_3$ discharging graph

19. In YDSE $D = 10 \text{ m}$, $d = 1 \text{ mm}$ and fringe width of interference pattern is 0.6 nm evaluate λ (in nm)

Ans. 600

Sol. $0.6 \times 10^{-3} = \frac{10 \times \lambda}{10^{-3}}$

$$\lambda = 0.6 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

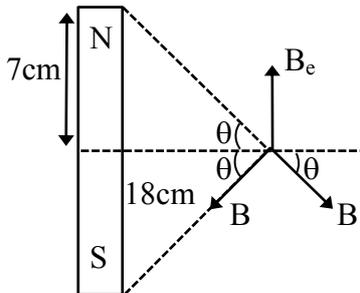
$$= 600 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}$$

$$= 600 \text{ nm}$$

20. A bar magnet of length 14 cm is placed along N-S direction with north of magnetic along north direction. If horizontal component of earth magnetic field is 0.4 G. If at distance 18 cm from centre of magnet a null point is located. Then magnetic moment of magnet is :
- (1) 2.88 Am^2 (2) 1.88 Am^2 (3) 4.88 Am^2 (4) 3.88 Am^2

Ans. (1)

Sol.



$$B_e = 2B \sin\theta$$

$$B_e = \frac{2 \times \mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{m}{r^2} \times \frac{7 \times 10^{-2}}{r}$$

$$= 0.4 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$M = m \times 14 \times 10^{-2} = 0.4 \times 10^3 r^3$$

$$= 2.88 \text{ Am}^2$$

21. A particle of mass rotates in a circle which has a vertical boundary of radius 0.2 meter, rotating in horizontal plane. Mass of the block is 200 gram. It takes 40 second in one complete revolution. Find the normal force on block.

- (1) $9.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N}$ (2) $9.8 \times 10^{-2} \text{ N}$ (3) 9.8 N (4) $9.8 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$

Ans. (1)

Sol. $N = m\omega^2 R$

$$= (0.2) \left[\frac{4\pi^2}{T^2} \right] (R)$$

$$= (0.2) \frac{4(9.8)}{1600} (0.2)$$

$$= 9.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N}$$

22. A particle of mass $m_1 = m$ moving with velocity $10\sqrt{3} \text{ m/s } \hat{i}$ collides with a particle of mass $m_2 = 2m$ at rest. After collision m_1 comes to rest and m_2 breaks into two equal parts such that one part has velocity $10 \text{ m/s } \hat{j}$ then find the angle the velocity vector of other part makes with x-axis in degrees.

Ans. 30

Sol. $\vec{p}_f = \vec{p}_i$

$$M \times 10 \hat{j} + m \vec{v} = m \times 10\sqrt{3} \hat{i}$$

$$\vec{v} = 10\sqrt{3} \hat{i} - 10 \hat{j}$$

23. A planet is revolving around sun in elliptical orbit. Maximum & minimum distance of planet from sun are respectively 1.6×10^{12} m and 6×10^{10} m. Find minimum speed if maximum speed of planet is 8×10^4 m/s?

- (1) 3×10^4 m/s (2) 3×10^3 m/s (3) 8×10^3 m/s (4) 4×10^4 m/s

Ans. (3)

Sol. $L = m v_{\max} r_{\min} = m v_{\min} \times r_{\max}$
 $\therefore 8 \times 10^4 \times 6 \times 10^{10} = v_{\min} \times 1.6 \times 10^{12}$
 $\therefore v_{\min} = 3 \times 10^3$ m/s

24. In L-C-R series circuit at resonance, power dissipated in circuit, (in kW) will be , if peak value of voltage is 250 V and resistance is 8Ω .

Ans. 4

Sol. $P = \frac{V_{\text{rms}}^2}{R} = 3.9 \times 10^3$ kW = 4 kW

25. Ratio of wave-length of first line and third line of Balmer series, is $\frac{x}{10}$ then value of x is.

Ans. 15

Sol. $\frac{1}{\lambda} = RZ^2 \left[\frac{1}{2^2} - \frac{1}{n^2} \right]$
 first line $[3 \rightarrow 2] \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\lambda_1} = RZ^2 \left[\frac{1}{2^2} - \frac{1}{3^2} \right] = RZ^2 \left[\frac{5}{36} \right]$
 3rd line $[5 \rightarrow 2] \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\lambda_2} = RZ^2 \left[\frac{1}{2^2} - \frac{1}{5^2} \right] = RZ^2 \left[\frac{21}{100} \right]$
 $\frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2} = \frac{\frac{36}{5}}{\frac{21}{100}} = \frac{36}{5} \times \frac{100}{21} = 1.512 = \frac{x}{10}$
 $x = 15.12$

26. If a EM wave traveling in vacuum in y-direction has magnetic field $\vec{B} = 8 \times 10^{-8} (\hat{k})$. Then value of electric field \vec{E} is:

- (1) $24(\hat{i})$ (2) $24(-\hat{i})$ (3) $2.6 \times 10^{-16}(-\hat{i})$ (4) $2.6 \times 10^{-16}(\hat{i})$

Ans. (2)

Sol. $E_0 = B.C$

$$E_0 = 8 \times 10^{-8} (3 \times 10^8) = 24$$

direction of wave travelling is in $\vec{E} \times \vec{B}$ so $(-\hat{i}) \times \hat{k} = +\hat{j}$

27. A conductor of length L and area of cross section A and resistivity ρ is connected to a battery of voltage V , the current measured is I . What will be the value of current passing through an another conductor of length $2L$ and area $\frac{A}{2}$ of same resistivity and connected with same voltage V .

- (1) I (2) $4I$ (3) $\frac{I}{4}$ (4) $2I$

Ans. (3)

28. Coming soon.

29. Coming soon.

30. Coming soon.